

## Infrared Microspectroscopy Station at BL431R of SPring-8

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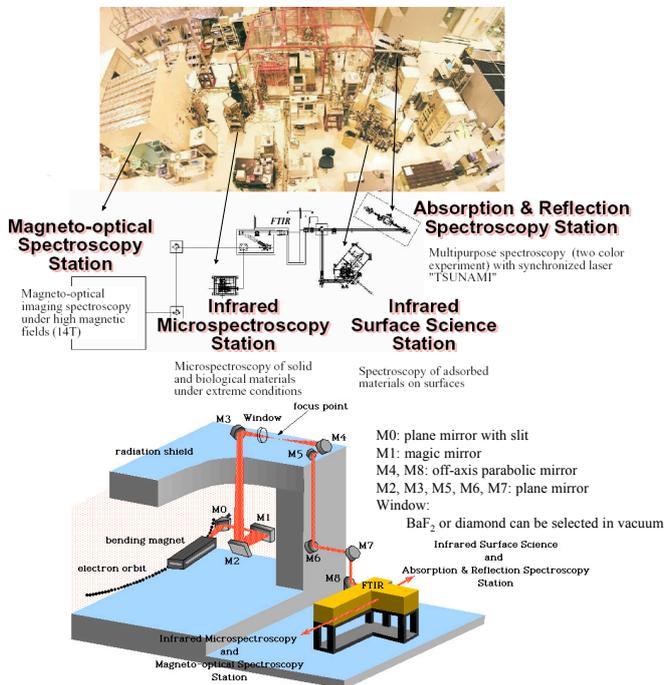
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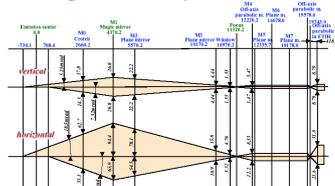
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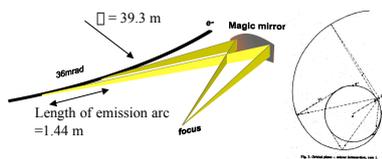
### Experimental Stations of BL431R



### SPring-8 BL431R Optics



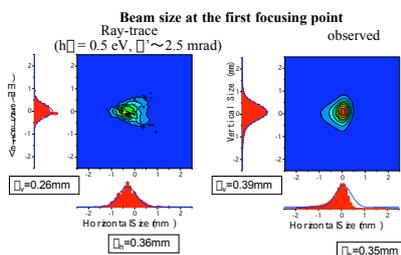
### M1 mirror



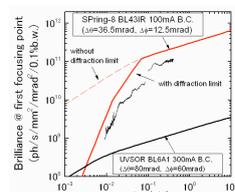
cf. R. Lopez-Delgado and H. Szwarc, Opt. Commun. 19, 286 (1976).

"Focusing all the synchrotron radiation ( $2\pi$  radians) from an electron storage ring on a single point without time distortion"

- In order to focus the light from the long source, the formula proposed by Lopez-Delgado and Szwarc was adopted for the horizontal direction.
- The vertical direction is approximated by a spherical curve.



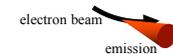
### Brilliance at the first focusing point



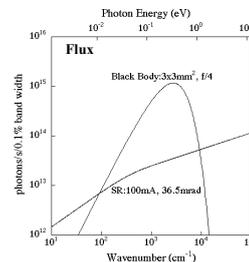
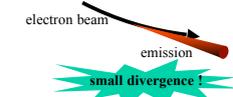
### Parameters of BL431R at SPring-8

Storage ring energy	8 GeV
Stored current	100 mA
Bending radius	39.3 m
Magnetic field	0.68 T
Horizontal acceptance angle	36.5 mrad
Vertical acceptance angle	$\approx 6.3$ mrad
Length of the arc of electron orbit	1.44 m
Wavenumber	100 - 20000 $\text{cm}^{-1}$

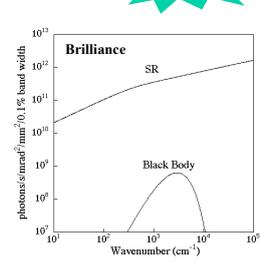
Small storage ring (e.g. UVSOR,  $\Delta = 2.2$  m)



Large storage ring (SPring-8,  $\Delta = 39.3$  m)



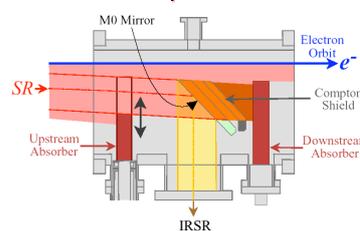
- Photon flux is not so high.
- Photon flux in far infrared region is high.



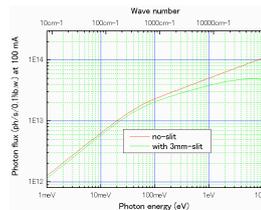
- Brilliance is high in all spectral range.

### M0 mirror

#### Schematic top view of M0 mirror



- The substrate is Glidcop. The coating is Au.
- The mirror has a slit of  $\pm 1.5$  mm ( $\pm 0.6$  mrad) width in the orbital plane.
- The high energy light, such as hard and soft X ray, goes through the slit to downstream absorber.
- The power on the mirror is reduced from 5.7 kW to 3 W.
- The mirror is kept away from the Compton scattering from the downstream absorber by the Compton shield, that is cooled by water indirectly. The substrate is OFC.



- In infrared region, the photon flux decreases only about 9% by the slit.

